

Crucial Questions

A Checklist for School Board Candidates and Citizens

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By Terry Stoops September 2009

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Introduction

According to the North Carolina General Statutes, school boards have three broad functions: 1) to maintain general control and supervision of all matters pertaining to the public schools, 2) to enforce and execute the school law, and 3) to ensure that the administration of schools is efficiently and more economically accomplished.¹

Within the scope of these broad functions, state law outlines hundreds of guidelines, recommendations, and requirements related to the work of the state's 115 school boards. Even seasoned school board members often find the work to be laborious and complex. Unfortunately, these challenges often discourage parental involvement, as well as deter competent members of the community from pursuing a seat on a local board of education.

To simplify the process of understanding the work of school boards, the John Locke Foundation has developed a checklist for school board candidates and citizens. Checklist items are not direct quotes of state statutes, although several include key language used in them. Instead, this checklist applies existing statutes to five fundamental principles about the work conducted by local boards of education.

- School board members must adhere to the powers and duties granted to local boards of education by state and federal law.
- 2) School board members must ensure that the public school system spends as much of its taxpayer dollars as possible on classroom instruction.
- 3) School board members must ensure that the public school system minimizes wasteful bureaucratic and programmatic expenditures.

¹ North Carolina General Statute §115C 36 (Designation of board) and §115C 40 (Board a body corporate). All elementary and secondary education statutes cited here and throughout the document were accessed via the North Carolina General Assembly website, http://www.ncga.state.nc.us/gascripts/Statutes/StatutesTOC.pl?Chapter=0115C.

- 4) School board members must work to best meet the educational needs of children, families, and communities in which they live. To this end, school board members should collaborate with charter, private, and home schools, as well as post-secondary institutions in their jurisdiction. Public school systems exist for the benefit of families; families do not exist for the benefit of school systems.
- 5) School board members must ensure that the school system is fully transparent. The school board must guarantee that the public has easily accessible, searchable, and timely information about all aspects of the operation of the school system, except those subject to confidentiality statutes.

Each question on the checklist is followed by one or more references to the applicable statute. The appendix provides a list of education resources from the John Locke Foundation Research Division.

	Attendance Areas and School Calendar
Yes No	1. Has the school board established reasonable attendance areas that minimize disruptions for families and maximize learning opportunities for students? (§115C 47)
Yes No	2. Has the school board established a school calendar that minimizes disruptions for families and maximizes learning opportunities for students? (§115C 47)
	Community Involvement
Yes No	with local business leaders, have voluntary guidelines relating to after school employment, including an agreement to limit the number of hours a student may work or to tie the number of hours a student may work to his academic performance, school attendance, and economic need? (§115C 47)
Yes No	If yes: 3.a. Are these guidelines available on the school district website?
Yes No	4. Does the school board make an effort to increase community and parental involvement in the public schools? (§115C 207; §115C 105.32)
Yes No	5. Do school board meetings accommodate students, parents, and members of the community? (\$115C 41; \$115C 51)
Yes No	Following up: 5.a. Does the school board make agendas, meeting minutes, and meeting handouts available on the school district website?
Yes No	5.b. Do school board members respond promptly to constituent concerns?

Instructional Program 6. Does the school board ensure that average class sizes meet state requirements? (§115C 47) 7. Does the school board ensure that the Yes school system complies with requirements under North Carolina's Basic Education Program? (§115C 81) 8. Does the school board fully support op-Yes Notional public school programs authorized by the State Board of Education? (§ 115C-230 - § 115C 238.55) In other words, does the school board fully sup-No port: 8.a. Adult education courses? 8.b. Summer schools? 8.c. Charter schools? 8.d. Cooperative innovative high schools? 9. Does the school board willingly contract Yes with private special education facilities or service providers to furnish services that the public providers are unable to furnish? (§ 115C 111.2) 10. Does the school board evaluate the effectiveness of all services and alternative learning

47: \$115C 105.47A)2

programs offered to at-risk students? (§115C

² According to the statute, the evaluation should include the following: whether the programs incorporate best practices for improving student academic performance, reduce disruptive behavior, are staffed with professional public school employees who are well trained and provided with appropriate staff development, are organized to provide coordinated services, and provide students with high quality and rigorous academic instruction.

Yes	No	and alternative learning programs for at-risk students, 10.a. Are written evaluations available on the school district website?
Yes	No	11. Does the school board evaluate the effectiveness of all services and alternative learning programs offered to academically or intellectually gifted students? (\$115C 150.7)
Yes	No	If yes, 11.a. Are written evaluations available on the school district website?
Yes	No	12. Does the school board provide appropriate vocational and technical education options? (§115C 157)
Yes	No	13. Does the school board use their resources to carry out instructional, extracurricular, and educational research projects with nonpublic schools, charter schools, home schools, community groups, nonprofit corporations, and other local boards of education? (§115C 47)
Yes	No	14. Does the school board produce school improvement reports? (\$115C 47; \$115C 105.38)
Yes	No	If yes, 14.a. Is this information available on the school district website?
Yes	No	Personnel 15. Does the school board release a report to the public that describes the organization of each school, the duties of each teacher, the size of each class, the teaching load of each teacher, and reasons for teacher attrition? (\$115C 47; \$115C 12)

Yes	No	15.a. Is this information available on the school district website?
Yes	No	16. Does the school board limit and evaluate non-instructional duties assigned to teachers? (\$115C 47)
Yes	No	17. Does the school board eliminate any duplicate or obsolete reporting requirements imposed on instructional and administrative personnel by the central office? (§115C 47)
Yes	No	18. Does the school board monitor and evaluate the conduct, duties, and performance of all personnel? (§115C 47)
Yes	No	If yes, 18.a. Does the school system make aggregate personnel data available to the public?
		Student Services and School Facilities
Yes	No	Student Services and School Facilities 19. Does the school board ensure that the district operates an efficient and healthy food service program? (§115C 47)
Yes Yes		19. Does the school board ensure that the district operates an efficient and healthy food
Yes	No	19. Does the school board ensure that the district operates an efficient and healthy food service program? (§115C 47)20. Does the school board ensure practicable, appropriate, safe, orderly and efficient trans-

Yes	No	23. Does the school board have reasonable rules and regulations with respect to parking on public school grounds? (§115C 46)
Yes	No	If yes, 23.a. Are parking rules and regulations available on the school district website?
		Student Retention and Conduct Policies
Yes	No	24. Does the school board enforce policies related to student retention decisions that maintain high expectations for students and parents? (\$115C 47)
Yes	No	If yes,
res	IVO	24.a. Are written policies available on the school system website?
Yes	No	25. Does the school board promote safe and orderly learning environments in schools? (\$ 115C 47; \$115C 105.33; \$115C 105.47)
Yes	No	Following up: 25.a. Does the school board ensure accurate reporting of incidents of school crime and violence?
Yes	No	25.b. Does the school system make school crime and violence statistics and emergency response plans readily available to the public?
Yes	No	26. Does the school board enforce policies
		that protect the ideological and religious beliefs of all students? (\$115C 47)
		If yes,
Yes	No	26.a. Are written policies available on the school system website?

School District Finance

Yes	No	27. Does the school board seek funds from sources other than state, federal, and local appropriations? (§115C 238.54)
Yes	No	28. Does the school board monitor the expenditure of state, local, and federal funds and release that information to the public? (§115C 47)
Yes	No	If yes, 28.a. Does the school system post check- book registers and invoices on its website?

APPENDIX: RESOURCES

NC Transparency http://www.nctransparency.com

City & County Issue Guide 2009: Education http://johnlocke.org/site-docs/CLI/2009issueguide/education.html

Agenda 2008: School Standards and Testing http://johnlocke.org/site-docs/agenda2008/schoolstandards.html

Agenda 2008: School Choice and Competition http://johnlocke.org/site-docs/agenda2008/schoolchoice.html

Agenda 2008: Education Spending http://johnlocke.org/site-docs/agenda2008/educationspending.html

Agenda 2008: Child Care and Early Childhood Education http://johnlocke.org/site-docs/agenda2008/childcare.html

Agenda 2008: Education Lottery http://johnlocke.org/site-docs/agenda2008/educationlottery.html

Annual Report on Teacher Pay: N.C. teacher compensation is more than \$4,000 higher than the national average http://johnlocke.org/spotlights/disploy_story.html?id=218

No Bureaucrat Left Behind: N.C. public schools add staff at a much faster rate than enrollment http://johnlocke.org/spotlights/disploy_story.html?id=224

Career and Technical Education: Meeting the needs of the 21st century economy isn't rocket science http://johnlocke.org/spotlights/display_story.html?id=212

The Parental Prerogative: How 'parent-friendly' are school districts in North Carolina? http://johnlocke.org/spotlights/display_story.html?id=207

Special-Needs Tax Credits: Giving parents a choice in education http://johnlocke.org/spotlights/display_story.html?id=202

Performance Pay for Teachers: Increasing Student Achievement in Schools with Critical Needs http://johnlocke.org/policy_reports/display_story.html?id=175

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

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Stoops earned a bachelor's degree in speech communication from Clarion University of Pennsylvania and a M.Ed. in Administrative and Policy Studies from the University of Pittsburgh School of Education. He is completing a Ph.D. in Foundations of Education at the University of Virginia Curry School of Education. While pursuing his doctorate, Stoops received the Bache Renshaw Fellowship from the Intercollegiate Studies Institute and was a research intern for the Publications and Educational Services Division of the Library of Virginia.

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To pursue these goals, the Locke Foundation operates a number of programs and services to provide information and observations to legislators, policymakers, business executives, citizen activists, civic and community leaders, and the news media. These services and programs include the foundation's monthly newspaper, Carolina Journal; its daily news service, CarolinaJournal.com; its weekly e-newsletter, Carolina Journal Weekly Report; its quarterly newsletter, The Locke Letter; and regular events, conferences, and research reports on important topics facing state and local governments.

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"To prejudge other men's notions before we have looked into them is not to show their darkness but to put out our own eyes."

JOHN LOCKE (1632–1704) Author, Two Treatises of Government and Fundamental Constitutions of Carolina



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