

Survey of North Carolina Parents
North Carolina Statewide
Conducted April 25-27, 2023
$\mathrm{n}=520$

## Parent Screener

1. Are you currently the parent of a K-12 student?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Yes | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |
| No | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Unsure | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

RD/WT
2. Generally speaking, would you say education in North Carolina is headed in the right direction or off on the wrong track?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Right direction | $\mathbf{3 0 8}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{5 9 . 1} \%}$ | $\underline{55.9 \%}$ |
| Definitely the right direction | 162 | $31.2 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ |
| Mostly the right direction | 145 | $27.9 \%$ | $45.3 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| Wrong track | $\mathbf{1 2 5}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 4 . 0} \%}$ | $\underline{36.8 \%}$ |
| Mostly the wrong track | $\mathbf{4 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 3 \%}$ | $23.5 \%$ |
| Definitely the wrong track |  | $13.3 \%$ |  |
| Unsure | 87 | $16.8 \%$ | $7.3 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## K-12 Grade

3. How would you grade the overall performance of K-12 public schools in North Carolina?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A | 110 | $21.2 \%$ |
| B | 156 | $29.9 \%$ |
| C | 128 | $24.6 \%$ |
| D | 39 | $7.5 \%$ |
| F | 14 | $2.7 \%$ |
| Unsure | 73 | $14.0 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

## School board Grade

4. School boards are charged with developing and implementing policy to ensure education programs are effectively and efficiently delivered to students. What letter grade best reflects the quality of the work of your local school board is accomplished? Note: In the 2022 Survey, the question was "The grade I would assign that best reflects the quality of the work of the school board would be:"

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 123 | $23.7 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ |


| B | 175 | $33.7 \%$ | $22.6 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | 126 | $24.2 \%$ | $38.0 \%$ |
| D | 44 | $8.4 \%$ | $14.6 \%$ |
| F | 13 | $2.6 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| Unsure | 39 | $7.5 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## Top Challenges

5. In your opinion, the biggest challenge facing local school boards is:

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Insufficient funding | 68 | $13.1 \%$ |
| Teacher shortages | 89 | $17.2 \%$ |
| Learning loss | 30 | $5.8 \%$ |
| Children's access to inappropriate material | 62 | $12.0 \%$ |
| Parents want to control the schools | 35 | $6.7 \%$ |
| Loss of confidence in the public schools | 66 | $12.7 \%$ |
| School boards are making decisions that belong to parents | 90 | $17.3 \%$ |
| School choice is siphoning students and funding from the public schools | 50 | $9.6 \%$ |
| Unsure | 30 | $5.7 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

Thinking about issues relating to controversial books and curriculum in our public schools...
Objectionable Books Response
6. There has been a recent increase in the number of books parents have flagged as inappropriate due to language, violence, or other content. In your opinion, is the administrative process schools use to decide these claims fair to school staff and parents and effective in reaching an acceptable remedy?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y e s}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{3 0 5}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{5 8 . 6}} \mathbf{1 5 3}$ |
| Definitely yes | 152 | $29.5 \%$ |
| Probably yes |  |  |
| $\mathbf{N o}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 2}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 9 . 2}} \mathbf{1 8 . 3 \%}$ |
| Probably no | 57 | $10.9 \%$ |
| Definitely no |  |  |
| Unsure | 63 | $\mathbf{1 2 . 1 \%}$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

## Objectionable Books Policy

7. In general, should books flagged by parents as inappropriate due to language, violence, or sexual content remain in a public school library? Note: In the 2022 Survey, the question was "Should books or instructional materials flagged by parents as inappropriate due to language, violence, or sexual content be used in the standard curriculum?"

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All objectionable books should be <br> removed | 81 | $15.7 \%$ | $21.3 \%$ |
| No objectionable books should be <br> removed | 54 | $10.4 \%$ | $12.7 \%$ |
| Objectionable books should be <br> removed from elementary school | 76 | $14.5 \%$ | $33.3 \%$ |
| libraries only |  |  |  |
| Schools should purchase additional <br> books that provide multiple points <br> of view | 100 | $19.2 \%$ | $22.8 \%$ |
| Schools should set up a review <br> process for books that have <br> parental objections and be <br> removed if it is found they violate <br> certain standards | 177 | $34.0 \%$ | - |
| Unsure |  |  |  |
| Total | 33 | $6.3 \%$ | $9.7 \%$ |

Thinking now about how schools should handle topics such as sexual preference and gender identity...

Sex Ed Focus
8. When it comes to teaching children about sexual preference and gender identity, do you think the public schools give these topics...?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Too much time | 145 | $27.9 \%$ | $44.8 \%$ |
| Not enough time | 157 | $30.2 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ |
| Right amount of time | 158 | $30.4 \%$ | $17.1 \%$ |
| Unsure | 60 | $11.5 \%$ | $17.2 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## Parents of Transgender Students

9. Issues of gender identity issues are some of the most sensitive and controversial issues that parents, students and school boards will ever encounter. In your opinion, which statement comes closest to your opinion on how schools should handle issues of gender identity? Note: In the 2022 Survey, the question was "Information related to a child's gender identity is a highly personal and sensitive information. School districts have struggled with the best way to address this issue and the needs of parents and children. In your opinion, which of the following statements comes closest to your opinion on how schools should inform parents about a student's gender identity?"

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Schools should not be forced to tell <br> parents about gender changes <br> since parents may not support a <br> child's decision to transition | 157 | $30.2 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ |
| Because parents have a legal right | 315 | $60.7 \%$ | $86.5 \%$ |
| to all medical and psychological <br> information about their child, school <br> boards should be required to share <br> information about gender changes |  |  |  |
| with parents |  |  |  |
| Unsure | 48 | $9.1 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## Teacher's Political Opinions

10. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement: Teachers share their personal beliefs in the classroom in an attempt to influence the beliefs of their students.

|  | Freq. | \% | $2022$ <br> Survey |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agree | 304 | 58.4\% | 46.8\% |
| Strongly agree | 155 | 29.8\% | 19.3\% |
| Somewhat agree | 149 | 28.6\% | 27.5\% |
| Neither agree nor disagree | 82 | 15.7\% | 13.1\% |
| Disagree | 108 | 20.8\% | 35.4\% |
| Somewhat disagree | 51 | 9.8\% | 14.5\% |
| Strongly disagree | 57 | 11.0\% | 21.0\% |
| Unsure | 26 | 5.1\% | 4.6\% |
| Total | 520 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |

Teacher's Political Opinions Solutions
11. In your opinion, what should be done about teachers who share their personal beliefs in the classroom in an attempt to influence the beliefs of their students?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prohibit discussion of certain topics | 141 | $27.1 \%$ | $27.2 \%$ |
| and issues |  |  |  |
| Publish teacher lesson plans online | 88 | $16.8 \%$ | $16.6 \%$ |
| Place cameras in the classroom | 88 | $16.9 \%$ | $12.1 \%$ |
| Require teachers to show no <br> preference for certain ideas | 153 | $29.4 \%$ | $35.7 \%$ |
| Unsure |  |  |  |
| Total | 50 | $9.7 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ |
|  | 520 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## Classroom Politization

12. In your opinion, in the past five years, has the classroom instruction in the local kindergarten through 12th-grade schools become more or less political?

|  | Freq. | \% | $\begin{gathered} 2022 \\ \text { Survey } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| More political | 305 | 58.7\% | 71.7\% |
| Much more political | 152 | 29.3\% | 42.8\% |
| Somewhat more political | 153 | 29.4\% | 28.9\% |
| Neither more nor less political | 110 | 21.1\% | 14.1\% |
| Less political | $\underline{73}$ | 13.9\% | 8.1\% |
| Somewhat less political | 43 | 8.3\% | 5.0\% |
| Much less political | 29 | 5.6\% | 3.1\% |
| Unsure | 33 | 6.3\% | 6.0\% |
| Total | 520 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |

## Classroom Politization Blame

13. In your opinion, who is more responsible for politicizing education?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Democrats and liberals are more 136 $26.1 \%$ $29.1 \%$ <br> responsible    |  |  |  |
| Republicans and conservatives are <br> more responsible | 96 | $18.5 \%$ | $14.2 \%$ |
| Both equally responsible | 206 | $39.6 \%$ | $41.2 \%$ |
| Neither are responsible | 38 | $7.4 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ |
| Unsure | 44 | $8.4 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

Thinking now about a parent's role in their child's education...
Determinant of Child's Education
14. It is generally accepted that where a child attends school significantly influences educational outcomes. In your opinion, who is best equipped to help the child make those decisions?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Local school board | 44 | $8.5 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ |
| Parents/Guardians | 234 | $45.0 \%$ | $56.4 \%$ |
| School Principal | 53 | $10.2 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ |
| State Board of Education | 95 | $18.3 \%$ | $23.6 \%$ |
| State Legislature | 57 | $10.9 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ |
| Unsure | 37 | $7.1 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## Teacher v Parent Trust

15. If you heard there was a disagreement on an education issue between teachers and a group of parents, would you generally have more confidence in the teachers or in the parent group to have the right position on the issue?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ | 2022 <br> Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| More confidence in teachers | 100 | $19.3 \%$ | $18.5 \%$ |
| More confidence in parents | 156 | $30.0 \%$ | $27.4 \%$ |
| Same confidence in both | 162 | $31.2 \%$ | $39.8 \%$ |
| Confident in neither | 55 | $10.5 \%$ | - |
| Unsure | 47 | $9.0 \%$ | $14.3 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |

## Parental Bill of Rights

16. Parents Bill of Rights Legislation has been introduced in North Carolina. The proposed legislation has gathered both supporters and opponents. Which of the following statements best reflects your opinion regarding the Parents bill of rights.

|  | Freq. | \% |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Supporters | $\underline{\mathbf{3 2 4}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{6 2 . 2 \%}}$ |
| I support the parents bill of rights <br> because the legislation affirms <br> important parental rights and helps |  |  |
| to end school practices that <br> marginalize parental influence. |  |  |
| I support the Parental Bill of Rights <br> because the legislation enumerates <br> important parental rights with | 188 | $36.2 \%$ |
| regards to a student's medical and <br> psychological records and bans all <br> instruction on gender identity, |  |  |
| sexuality activity and sexuality in <br> grades kindergarten through grade <br> four. |  |  |



School Boards Responsible
17. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement:

School boards are responsible for ensuring school districts follow appropriate laws and regulations and deliver educational services to public school students. Parents should work to ensure students can thrive within the school system and follow school board policies.

|  | Freq. | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agree | 355 | 68.3\% |
| Strongly agree | 213 | 40.9\% |
| Somewhat agree | 142 | 27.4\% |
| Neither agree nor disagree | 86 | 16.6\% |
| Disagree | $\underline{55}$ | 10.6\% |
| Somewhat disagree | 37 | 7.2\% |
| Strongly disagree | 18 | 3.4\% |
| Unsure | 24 | 4.6\% |
| Total | 520 | 100.0\% |

## Parents Responsible

18. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement:

Parents are responsible for the education and upbringing of their children. School boards work for parents. As such, school board policies should be parent friendly and serve the interests of the child.

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Agree | $\underline{\mathbf{3 4 3}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{6 6 . 1} \%}$ |
| Strongly agree | 125 | $22.1 \%$ |
| Somewhat agree | 125 | $24.0 \%$ |


| Neither agree nor disagree | $\underline{79}$ | 15.2\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disagree | $\underline{76}$ | 14.5\% |
| Somewhat disagree | 49 | 9.4\% |
| Strongly disagree | 27 | 5.2\% |
| Unsure | 22 | 4.2\% |
| Total | 520 | 100.0\% |

Thinking about educational spending in North Carolina...
Spending and Educational Outcomes
19. Which of the following statements best reflects your thoughts on school spending and educational outcomes?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| To improve educational outcomes, | 192 | $36.9 \%$ |
| North Carolina must spend more <br> on K-12 education. |  |  |
| Additional funds are not needed to <br> improve educational outcomes, but <br> better spending of resources could | 90 | $17.3 \%$ |
| help raise test |  |  |
| Additional funds will not result in <br> improvements in educational <br> outcomes, since the linkage | 101 | $19.4 \%$ |
| between spending and outcomes is <br> inconclusive. |  |  |
| School spending is not <br> unimportant, but there are other | 83 | $15.9 \%$ |
| variables that schools should look <br> at when assessing influences on <br> educational outcomes. |  |  |
| Unsure <br> Total | 55 | $10.5 \%$ |
|  | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

Spending Amount
20. In 2022, North Carolina spent on average $\$ 12,345$ per K-12 student. In your opinion, is that:

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Too little spending | 136 | $26.2 \%$ |
| About the right level of spending | 216 | $41.5 \%$ |
| Too much spending | 101 | $19.4 \%$ |
| Unsure | 67 | $12.9 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

21. Are you female or male?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Female | 282 | $54.3 \%$ |
| Male | 238 | $45.7 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

22. What age range do you fall within?

|  | Freq. | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 50 | 375 | 72.2\% |
| 18-34 | 125 | 24.0\% |
| 35-49 | 251 | 48.2\% |
| 50 and Over | 145 | 27.8\% |
| 50-64 | 135 | 26.0\% |
| 65+ | 9 | 1.8\% |
| Total | 520 | 100.0\% |

23. Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a Democrat, Republican, or Independent?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Republican | $\underline{\mathbf{1 3 3}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 5 . 5} \%}$ |
| Strongly Republican | 66 | $12.6 \%$ |
| Mostly Republican | 67 | $12.9 \%$ |
| Independent | $\underline{\mathbf{0 2}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{1 9 . 7} \%}$ |
| Democratic | $\underline{\mathbf{2 7 1}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{5 2 . 1} \%}$ |
| Mostly Democratic | 179 | $34.7 \%$ |
| Strongly Democratic |  |  |
| Unsure | 14 | $2.7 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

24. And thinking about your views toward politics and government, would you say you are...

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Conservative | $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{2 8 . 9 \%}}$ |
| Very conservative | 87 | $16.7 \%$ |
| Somewhat conservative | 64 | $12.2 \%$ |
| Moderate | $\underline{\mathbf{1 7 6}}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{3 3 . 8} \%}$ |
| Liberal | $\mathbf{1 7 6}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{3 3 . 9 \%}}$ |
| Somewhat liberal | 68 | $13.0 \%$ |
| Very liberal | 109 | $20.9 \%$ |
| Unsure | 18 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

25. Do you consider the area where you live to be more rural, suburban, or urban?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Rural | 118 | $22.7 \%$ |
| Suburban | 158 | $30.3 \%$ |
| Urban | 244 | $47.0 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

26. What is your primary source for news?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| National broadcast television news 154 $29.6 \%$ <br> (i.e. NBC, ABC, CBS)   <br> Local broadcast television news 70 $13.5 \%$ <br> Cable news 50 $9.7 \%$ <br> Social media 145 $28.0 \%$ <br> Newspaper 34 $6.6 \%$ <br> Talk radio 16 $3.1 \%$ <br> Other websites 32 $6.1 \%$ <br> Unsure 18 $3.5 \%$ <br> Total 520 $100.0 \%$ $\quad 10$ |  |  |

27. What annual household income range do you fall within out of the following options?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less than $\$ 40,000$ | 132 | $25.3 \%$ |
| $\$ 40,000-\$ 69,999$ | 106 | $20.4 \%$ |
| $\$ 70,000-\$ 99,999$ | 84 | $16.1 \%$ |
| $\$ 100,000$ or more | 190 | $36.5 \%$ |
| Unsure | 9 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

28. Which of the following best describes your race or ethnicity?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| White or Caucasian | 340 | $65.3 \%$ |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 9 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Black or African American | 115 | $22.1 \%$ |
| Hispanic or Latino | 40 | $7.7 \%$ |
| Other | 11 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Unsure | 5 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

29. Thinking back, who did you vote for in the 2020 election for President?

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Republican Donald Trump | 118 | $22.6 \%$ |
| Democrat Joe Biden | 307 | $59.0 \%$ |
| Another candidate | 15 | $2.9 \%$ |
| Did not vote | 64 | $12.3 \%$ |


| Unsure | 16 | $3.1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

30. What's the highest level of education you have completed?

|  | Freq. | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No Degree | $\underline{298}$ | 57.4\% |
| Some high school | 18 | 3.4\% |
| High school diploma/GED | 130 | 25.0\% |
| Technical Certification | 20 | 3.9\% |
| Some college or Associate's | 130 | 25.1\% |
| Degree |  |  |
| Atleast College | $\underline{217}$ | 41.8\% |
| Four-year undergraduate or Bachelor's Degree | 97 | 18.7\% |
| Graduate degree or further | 120 | 23.1\% |
| Unsure | 4 | 0.8\% |
| Total | 520 | 100.0\% |

31. Geo - DMA

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Charlotte | 142 | $27.4 \%$ |
| Greenville, NC | 79 | $15.2 \%$ |
| Raleigh | 86 | $16.6 \%$ |
| Greenville, SC | 55 | $10.5 \%$ |
| Greensboro | 62 | $11.8 \%$ |
| Wilmington | 42 | $8.1 \%$ |
| Norfolk | 26 | $5.0 \%$ |
| Atlanta | 15 | $2.9 \%$ |
| Chattanooga | 8 | $1.6 \%$ |
| Myrtle Beach | 5 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

32. Geo - County

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Alexander County | 41 | $8.0 \%$ |
| Alleghany County | 12 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Amance County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Anson County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Ashe County | 11 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Avery County | 13 | $2.6 \%$ |
| Beaufort County | 14 | $2.8 \%$ |
| Bertie County | 10 | $1.9 \%$ |
| Bladen County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Brunswick County | 14 | $2.8 \%$ |
| Buncombe County | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Burke County | 5 | $1.0 \%$ |


| Cabarrus County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Caldwell County | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Camden County | 8 | $1.6 \%$ |
| Carteret County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Caswell County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Catawba County | 3 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Chatham County | 4 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Cherokee County | 8 | $1.6 \%$ |
| Chowan County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Clay County | 15 | $2.9 \%$ |
| Cleveland County | 7 | $1.4 \%$ |
| Columbus County | 13 | $2.6 \%$ |
| Craven County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Cumberland County | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Currituck County | 4 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Dare County | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Davidson County | 7 | $1.4 \%$ |
| Davie County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Duplin County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Durham County | 5 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Edgecombe County | 3 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Forsyth County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Franklin County | 12 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Gaston County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Gates County | 7 | $1.4 \%$ |
| Graham County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Granville County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Greene County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Guilford County | 14 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Halifax County | 14 |  |
| Harnett County | $0.2 \%$ |  |
| Haywood County | 2 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Henderson County | $0.4 \%$ |  |
| Hertford County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Hoke County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Hyde County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Iredell County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Jackson County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Johnston County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Jones County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Lee County | 11 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Lenoir County | 5 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Lincoln County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Macoon County | 5 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Madison County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Martin County | 12 | $2.3 \%$ |
| McDowell County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Mecklenburg County | 11 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Mitchell County | 2 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Montgomery County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Moore County | 9 | $1.7 \%$ |
|  | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |


| Nash County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| New Hanover County | 8 | $1.6 \%$ |
| Northampton County | 11 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Onslow County | 2 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Orange County | 16 | $3.0 \%$ |
| Pamlico County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Pasquotank County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Pender County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Perquimans County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Person County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Pitt County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Polk County | 13 | $2.4 \%$ |
| Randolph County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Richmond County | 8 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Robeson County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Rockingham County | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Rowan County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Rutherford County | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Sampson County | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Scotland County | 2 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Stanly County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Stokes County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Surry County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Swain County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Transylvania County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Tyrrell County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Union County | 12 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Vance County | 3 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Wake County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Warren County | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Washington County | 37 | $7.1 \%$ |
| Watauga County | 2 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Wayne County | 4 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Wilkes County | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| Wilson County | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Yadkin County | 1 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Yancey County | 0 | $0.2 \%$ |
| Not registered to vote | $0.0 \%$ |  |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |
|  |  |  |

33. Age + Income

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $<65<\$ 40 k$ | 129 | $24.7 \%$ |
| $65+\$ 40 k-\$ 70 k$ | 2 | $0.3 \%$ |
| $65+\$ 70 k-\$ 100 k$ | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| $65+<\$ 40 k$ | 3 | $0.6 \%$ |
| $65+\$ 100 k+$ | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| $<65 \$ 40 k-\$ 70 k$ | 105 | $20.1 \%$ |
| $<65 \$ 70 k-\$ 100 k$ | 82 | $15.7 \%$ |
| $<65 \$ 100 k+$ | 188 | $36.1 \%$ |


| Unsure | 9 | $1.7 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

34. Age + Gender

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| F $18-34$ | 63 | $12.1 \%$ |
| F $35-49$ | 124 | $23.8 \%$ |
| F $50-64$ | 89 | $17.1 \%$ |
| F 65+ | 7 | $1.3 \%$ |
| M 18-34 | 62 | $11.9 \%$ |
| M 35-49 | 127 | $24.4 \%$ |
| M 50-64 | 46 | $8.9 \%$ |
| M 65+ | 3 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

35. Race + Gender

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| White Female | 159 | $30.5 \%$ |
| White Male | 181 | $34.8 \%$ |
| Asian Male | 2 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Asian Female | 6 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Hispanic Female | 30 | $5.8 \%$ |
| Hispanic Male | 10 | $1.9 \%$ |
| Other Female | 9 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Other Male | 2 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Black Female | 73 | $14.0 \%$ |
| Black Male | 42 | $8.1 \%$ |
| Unsure | 5 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

36. Education + Gender

|  | Freq. | $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Female No degree | 211 | $40.6 \%$ |
| Female At least College | 67 | $12.9 \%$ |
| Male No degree | 87 | $16.8 \%$ |
| Male At least College | 150 | $28.9 \%$ |
| Unsure | 4 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Total | 520 | $100.0 \%$ |

## METHODOLOGY

This probabilistic survey was conducted April $25-27,2023$, with 520 North Carolina parents. North Carolina parents were interviewed via online panel. This survey was weighted to a likely general election voter universe.

## ABOUT THE FIRM

Cygnal is an award-winning international polling, pulic opinion, and predictive analytics firm that pioneered multi-mode polling, text-to-web collection, and emotive analysis. Cygnal consistently ranks as the most accurate firm, and clients rely on Cygnal's ability to create intelligence for action. Its team members have worked in 48 states and multiple countries on more than 2,700 corporate, public affairs, and political campaigns.

